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2004 Support for Shellfish Program and Estuarine Education, Meeker, S & Reid, A

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December 31, 2004

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Introduction

Working within the University of New Hampshire (UNH) Cooperative Extension/Sea Grant Program, the Great Bay Coast Watch (GBCW) is New Hampshire’s most wide ranging program for direct citizen involvement in monitoring estuarine and coastal systems. GBCW has a fifteen year history of educating citizens about the Great Bay Estuary, New Hampshire Seacoast, and Gulf of Maine watershed through active participation in monitoring and an accompanying education program. Based in Durham, NH, GBCW coordinates over 100 volunteers drawn from 19 New Hampshire and Southern Maine communities. In 1990, volunteers began monitoring eight sites on a monthly basis April through October. Today, this effort has grown to include 21 sites that are sampled monthly for water quality around the Great Bay estuary, and six coastal sites that are monitored weekly for harmful algae blooms. Volunteers include adults, students, and home schooled families.

Executive Summary

Since many of the GBCW sampling sites are in busy public locations, volunteers had been approached and questioned about not only their monitoring activities but also the connections between boating activity and local water quality. Volunteers sampling near shellfish beds were frequently asked to comment on the obviously depleted shellfish resources and the proposed dredging of the Seabrook / Hampton Harbor. To address these concerns, GBCW applied in 2003 to the New Hampshire Estuary Program (NHEP) for funding to support an estuarine education series and additionally, funding to allow volunteers to continue working in support of the NH DES Shellfish Program. The approved project was titled 2004 Support for Shellfish Program and Estuarine Education.

Goals and Objectives:

1. Project Coordination: GBCW will coordinate planned meetings, supervise all personnel, provide reports, and match documentation.
2. Sample collection and transportation activities for Star Island: 2 volunteers to collect and transport to Concord, 11 different occasions.
3. Miscellaneous field assistance: 42 hours of general field assistance identified by the DES Shellfish manager, this may include…
4. Transportation assistance: Transport and deliver samples to Concord on up to 15 occasions
5. Estuarine Education Seminars: Organize and conduct two public estuarine education seminars one on the proposed “Marine No Discharge” area designation for NH waters and the second on “New Hampshire Shellfish Resources.” Attendees are required to provide their name, organizational affiliation, and evaluation form.
6. Produce a newsletter, evaluation form, and handouts for each seminar.
Activities:

Shellfish Support

During the grant period, GBCW volunteers completed eight trips out to Star Island using Isles of Shoals Steamship Company (IOSSC) transportation to collect shellfish meat samples. Changes in IOSSC policies as a result of the new Homeland Security regulations required DES to purchase tickets for the volunteers instead of traveling free as in previous years. Therefore, because of limited funds, not all the possible eleven planned trips out to Star Island could be completed.

Volunteers assisted shellfish program managers in collecting shellfish meat samples for testing on two additional occasions and made twenty two trips to the NH Department of Health Laboratory in Concord to deliver water and shellfish meat samples for testing. This work resulted in a total volunteer effort of 125.5 hours and 1632 miles driven in support of NHDES Shellfish Program activities.

Estuarine Education Series

The Estuarine Education series planned and conducted by GBCW, was designed to address concerns raised by GBCW volunteers and the public during interactions at monitoring stations and conversations in their communities.

The Marine No-Discharge Public Forum was held as the initiating activity for National Marina Day in space donated by the Wentworth Marina, New Castle, NH from 6-8:00pm on August 12, 2004.

Figure 1 Boston Globe Editorial Cartoon
The State of New Hampshire has regulated boat sewage for over forty years. Concerns about potential health risks and water quality degradation caused by boats discharging untreated sewage into state waters prompted the NH legislature to enact a law to require treatment devices on marine toilets. While these devices reduce fecal bacteria levels, they do not remove nutrients and organic material which can degrade water quality over time. Since 1967, New Hampshire fresh waters have been federally designated no-discharge zones. A no-discharge zone is an area where no boat waste can be discharged at all. It is currently legal to discharge treated sewage into coastal waters if they are not in a federally designated no-discharge zone.

The NH Department of Environmental Services (NHDES) is applying to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to designate all NH coastal waters as no-discharge zones to protect sensitive shellfish beds and keep the state’s coastal beaches free of harmful bacteria. The Marine No-Discharge Public Forum was designed to provide information to the boating public and a venue for agency representatives to seek input from interested organizations and individuals.

The Marine No-Discharge public forum was held in August as part of the National Marina Day celebration which was being held by the Wentworth Marina. The donation of dockside meeting space at the Wentworth Marina allowed direct access to boat owners, and allowed GBCW to benefit from being included in the Wentworth advance advertising. During the month of July 100 color posters advertising the forum were distributed around the southern Maine and NH coastal area. Notice of the upcoming forum was included on the NH Fish & Game, the NH Estuary Program and the Wentworth Marina websites.

Speakers who were contacted by GBCW and presented at the event included Ann Rodney, Office of Ecosystem Protection, US Environmental Protection Agency, who described to participants the relationship between the Clean Water Act and the proposed NH Marine No – Discharge area designation. Jody Conner, Director of Limnology, New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services who explained the NH proposal, the rational behind it and how it would affect boaters in NH coastal waters. Alicia Carlson, Clean Vessel Act Program Coordinator, NHDES, clarified how the pump out program currently works and the process the state was using to conclude the application process. Finally, Steve Root NHDES Pump out boat operator answered questions about the pump out process and gave a demonstration using a participant’s boat.

Also attending and available to answer questions were representatives from the NH Marine Patrol and the US Coast Guard, agencies who would be responsible for enforcement if the proposal is implemented.

The forum generated a large amount of press coverage both before and after the event. Three articles about the no-discharge issue and upcoming forum appeared in the Boston Globe the week proceeding, followed by an editorial cartoon in the Sunday edition of August 22. The Seacoast newspapers published three separate articles after the event and two editorials.
Marine No- Discharge Agenda

Thurs, August 12, 2004, 6:00-8:00 p.m.
Wentworth Marina, New Castle, NH

Welcome – Introductions

- Ann Rodney, EPA and the history of the Clean Water Act
- Jody Connor NHDES – The NH Proposal – Why do we need it and how will it affect NH boaters
- Alicia Carlson- The NH Pump Out Program
- Steve Root DES Pump out boat – How do you find it; use it, and what happens to your “deposit”?
- Boat waste tank pump out demonstration

The following survey was distributed to those attending and completed copies sent to representatives of the presenting agencies.
Marine No Discharge Area Forum
Evaluation

Please take a few minutes to complete this survey. The results will help us understand how best to educate the boating community about the benefits of using marine pump-out facilities.

1. Do you own or have regular use of a boat? (Please Circle) Yes No

2. Is it usually kept in the water? Yes No

3. How frequently do you use your boat? (Check all that apply)
   - Seasonally
   - Year around
   - Several times a week
   - Weekends only
   - Live aboard

4. What type of Marine Sanitation Device (MSD) do you have on your boat?
   - Type I MSD breaks up the sewage, disinfects it with chemicals, then discharges the treated sewage overboard. It is legal in most instances to discharge wastes from a Type I MSD directly overboard. You must add the appropriate chemicals for treatment.
   - Type II MSD is similar to a Type I MSD, but treats the sewage to a higher degree through maceration, biological decomposition and chemical additives. Type II MSDs are typically found on larger boats.
   - Type III MSD is essentially a holding tank where untreated sewage is stored until it can be properly disposed of at a pump out station. Some Type III MSDs have a "Y" valve installed so that you can dump directly overboard when you are operating outside the three-mile limit.

5. How frequently do you use pump out boats or facilities? (Please Circle)
   - Never
   - Weekly
   - Monthly
   - End of season

6. Would being in a No Discharge Area change the way you dispose of boat sewage? YES NO

7. Was this forum helpful in increasing your understanding about the reasons for the No Discharge Area proposal?
8. Do you think the NH coast should be designated a No Discharge Area?

Yes    No

If No, Why not?

Appropriate hand outs about boat pump out locations and use were provided and distributed by participating agencies.

**Figure 3 Pump out boat demonstration**

![Pump out boat demonstration](image)

**The Status of New Hampshire Shellfish Resource**

The second event, was a seminar titled *The Status of New Hampshire Shellfish Resources* was held on Thursday evening September 16, 2004 from 6-9:00pm at the Ashworth Hotel, Hampton Beach, N.H. Support for the meeting facility rental was received from NH Sea Grant. At the event, Paul Geoghegan, principal scientist from Normandeau Associates presented a historical overview of the Hampton / Seabrook Harbor clam populations which have declined over the past several years prompting restrictions on harvesting. In addition, two representatives from the NH Department of Environmental Services spoke: Phil Trowbridge discussed the ongoing Hampton Harbor clam mortality studies being conducted by Brian Beal of the University of Maine and Chris Nash NH Shellfish Program Director explained the reasons behind the frequent shellfish bed closures.
Agenda

A Report on the Status of New Hampshire Shellfish Resources
Thursday, September 16, 2004 6:00 – 8:00 pm
Ashworth Hotel, Hampton Beach, NH

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Speaker/Topic</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6:00-6:05 pm</td>
<td>Candace Dolan GBCW, Welcoming Remarks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6:05 – 6:30 pm</td>
<td>Paul Geoghegan, Principal Scientist, Normandeau Associates. Soft Shell Monitoring in Hampton Harbor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6:30 - 6:55 pm</td>
<td>Chris Nash, NH Department of Environmental Services Shellfish Program Manager. Shellfish Harvesting Opportunities in Coastal New Hampshire</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7:00 -7:20 pm</td>
<td>Phil Trowbridge, Coastal Scientist, NH Estuaries Program, and NH Coastal Program. Juvenile Clam Mortality Studies in Hampton Harbor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7:20-8:00 pm</td>
<td>Panel Discussion</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The presentations were followed by a panel discussion moderated by GBCW volunteer Wally Fries. Questions from the audience were highlighted a number of related issues including the planned dredging of Seabrook and Hampton Harbors and the probable impact on the shellfish resource. Other panel members included in the discussion were Brian Smith, biologist, NH Fish & Game, and Frank Richardson NH Department of Environmental Services Wetland Specialist.

Relevant handouts were provided by the NHDES Shellfish Program, Normandeau Associates, and New Hampshire Coastal Program.

Prior to the seminar, notices advertising the seminar appeared in the Boston Globe and Seacoast newspapers. Posters were distributed at venues around the seacoast. A mailing list of people who had purchased shellfish licenses during 2003 was obtained from NH Fish & Game and two hundred and fifty invitations were mailed to those living within a fifty mile radius. An invitation was added to letters that were being sent out to oyster license holders by researchers at Jackson Estuarine Laboratory. E-mail invitations were
Press releases for both the Marine Discharge Area Forum and the NH Shellfish Resource Seminar were distributed through the University of New Hampshire news bureau. Connecting to the press through this resource resulted in a large number of newspaper articles and editorials that appeared both before and after in local and regional newspapers. These articles reached a far greater number of people than ever could have been reached with the public meetings alone. This extensive press coverage led to an increased understanding of the issues presented.

As in previous years, GBCW volunteers have provided not only a valuable source of manpower for NHDES Shellfish Program personnel but have also proved themselves to be an exceptional conduit for information. While working at their sampling sites or in their communities, GBCW volunteers have ample opportunity to converse with neighbors and visitors about the work they are engaged in. These conversations provided the impetus behind the Estuarine Education Series.

Figure 4 Seabrook resident clamming in Seabrook Harbor 1916
Recommendations:

Working with GBCW creates an opportunity for agencies like NHEP to connect directly with citizens and identify issues important to them. These issues can then be addressed through local forums and seminars similar to those completed through this grant. Addressing local concerns in this manner informs and empowers citizens who are then more likely to become advocates for proposed changes. Continued support for GBCW public forums will allow volunteers to continue to be actively involved in identifying public information needs.

Bibliography:

No –discharge forum


Editorial: “Our Coastal Waters are a trust we dare not violate.” Foster’s Daily Democrat (Dover, NH). 14 August. 2004.


N.H. Clam resources seminar:


