

Boom Sprayer Calibration Worksheet One-Minute Method

This worksheet is an accompaniment to the Extension fact sheet, *Boom Sprayers - One-Minute Method of Calibration*, found at extension.unh.edu.

Retain the following information for your records:

Date	ID:	
Farm	Contact	Phone
Address	Town	State Zip Code
Email	Operator	
Tractor	Tractor Tires Brand	Sprayer
Tractor Gear	Tractor Tires Size	Tank
Tractor RPM	Height: Ground to Top of Tire	(left) Pump Pressure
PTO RPM	Ground to Top of Tire	_(right)

Calibration

1. Measure the distance between nozzles in inches.

Distance between nozzles_____

2. Drive the tractor over a given distance and note the exact time in seconds it takes to pass the end points. Make a return pass and check the time again. If the time differs by no more than 2 seconds, average the two times. Repeat if the time differs by 2 seconds or more.

Note the engine RPM and gear that were used to make the passes.

Measured Distance feet	Measured Distance feet	Measured Distance feet			
Tractor Gear	Tractor Gear	Tractor Gear			
Tractor RPM	Tractor RPM	Tractor RPM			
Time in seconds (down)	Time in seconds (down)	Time in seconds (down)			
Time in seconds (back)	Time in seconds (back)	Time in seconds (back)			
Average Time in seconds	Average Time in seconds	Average Time in seconds			
Miles per Hour = <u>Distance in Feet x 60</u> Time in Seconds x 88	= (Feet) x 60 = ((Seconds) x 88 () = MPH)			
Speed in Feet per Minute = MPH x a	38= (MPH) x 88 = () Feet per Minute			

With the tractor in a stationary	Looking at the same we form holding 44 and in the second function									
position, set the same engine RPM	Looking at the sprayer from behind, #1 nozzle is on left side									
used in Step 2. Also set the	Nozzle Output			Nozzle Output						
application pressure that you	Nozzle	Tip Size	Output in	Output in	Nozzle #	Tip Size	Output in	Output in		
normally use and spray water	1		Fluid Ourices	Gallons	#		Fiuld Ounces	Gallons		
through the boom. Collect spray at	1				16					
the nozzles when all the nozzles	2				17					
appear to have a uniform delivery at	3				18					
the desired psi. The container(s)	4				19					
should be quickly placed under the	5				20					
nozzle(s) for the 60 seconds.	6				21					
Pressure PSI	7				22					
Number of Nozzles on Boom	8				23					
Type of Nozzle	9				24					
	10				25					
Size of Tip	11				26					
Height of Boom from Target	12				27					
New Nozzle Tip's Output	13				28					
All Nozzles Output = (GPM)	14				29					
*Convert fluid ounces to gallons:	15				30					
			Output				Output			
Gallons = <u>fluid ounces</u> 128				Total Out	tput in (Gallons p	er Minute			
Average output - Total output in galle	mc = l		gallon	c) —		gallong	(Avorago Ou	1+011+)		
Total number of nozz	<u>nis</u> – (les (nozzles	ຍ) – <u> </u>		_galions	(Average Ot	ilpul)		
			HOZZICS	7	Г	Replace	nozzles if or	itnut is		
Minimum Output = 0.90 x() Average Output = Gal			lons greater		than 10% variation				
Maximum Output = 1.10 x () Average Output = Gallons						ween nozzles	s* .			
*Replace all nozzles if average output is 15	5% more	e than a n	ew nozzle's o	utput (from	n manufa	acturer's cl	hart or discha	irge test).		
Crop: Block: (#) S	orav Swath	Width:(ft.)				
Linear Fact of Downer Arrow - 42 FC	0 –	/ =	42 50	· · · · ·		· , 	o # 1 o # 0			
Row Width or Spra	<u>o </u>	th Width	1 () = <u>.</u>		reet p	er Acre			
Block (#) Minutes/Acre = <u>Line</u> F	<u>ear Fee</u> eet pe	<u>et Row p</u> r Minute	<u>er Acre</u> =	(()	=	Minutes//	Acre		
Arrangement Nozzles (#)										
George Hamilton, Extension Field Specialist, emeritus, fruit and vegetable production, 2019; 2023, Revised.										
extension.unh.edu										

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