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USGS Award No. G11AP20128 Determining the Effectiveness of the Clean Air Act and Amendments for the Recovery of Surface Waters in the Northeastern U.S.

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Basic Information

Title:	USGS Award No. G11AP20128 Determining the Effectiveness of the Clean Air Act and Amendments for the Recovery of Surface Waters in the Northeastern U.S.
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Principal Investigators:	William H. McDowell, Steve Kahl

Publications

1. Sanclements, M., G. Oelsner, D. McKnight, S.J. Nelson, J. Stoddard, 2012, New insights into the source of decadal increases of dissolved organic matter (DOM) in acid-sensitive lakes, Environmental Science and Technology, in press.
2. Nelson, S.J., P. Vaux, M.J. James-Pirri, and G. Giese, 2011, Assessment of natural resource conditions in and adjacent to Cape Cod National Seashore, Massachusetts, Natural Resource [Technical] Report NPS/XXXX/ NRXX—20XX/XXX, National Park Service, Fort Collins, Colorado, In press.
3. Kerr, J.G., M.C. Eimers, I.F. Creed, M.B. Adams, F. Beall, D. Burns, J.L. Campbell, S.F. Christopher, T.A. Clair, F. Courchesne, L. Duchesne, I. Fernandez, D. Houle, D.S. Jeffries, G.E. Likens, M.J. Mitchell, J. Shanley, H. Yao, 2011, The effects of seasonal drying on sulphate dynamics in streams across southeastern Canada and the northeastern USA, Biogeochemistry DOI 10.1007/s10533-011-9664-1.
4. Sanclements, M., G. Oelsner, D. McKnight, S.J. Nelson, J. Stoddard, 2012, New insights into the source of decadal increases of dissolved organic matter (DOM) in acid-sensitive lakes of the northeastern U.S., Environmental Science and Technology, 46(6): 3212–3219, DOI: 10.1007/s11356-009-0176-7.
5. Nelson, S.J., P. Vaux, M.J. James-Pirri, and G. Giese, 2012, Natural resource condition assessment: Cape Cod National Seashore, Massachusetts, Natural Resource Report NPS/NER/NRR—2012/605, National Park Service, Fort Collins, Colorado.
6. Kerr, J.G., M.C. Eimers, I.F. Creed, M.B. Adams, F. Beall, D. Burns, J.L. Campbell, S.F. Christopher, T.A. Clair, F. Courchesne, L. Duchesne, I. Fernandez, D. Houle, D.S. Jeffries, G.E. Likens, M.J. Mitchell, J. Shanley, H. Yao, 2011, The effects of seasonal drying on sulphate dynamics in streams across southeastern Canada and the northeastern USA, 111(1-3): 393-409, Biogeochemistry, DOI 10.1007/s10533-011-9664-1.

7. James-Pirri, M. J., S. J. Nelson, and P. D. Vaux, June 2011, Natural Resource Condition Assessment for Saugus Iron Works National Historic Site. Natural Resource Report NPS/NER/NRR—2011/457, National Park Service, Fort Collins, Colorado.

Annual Report to

USGS WRD WRRI, Reston, VA
US EPA, CAMD, Washington DC
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June, 2013

Determining the effectiveness of the Clean Air Act and Amendments on the recovery of surface waters in the northeastern US

IAG 06HQGR0143

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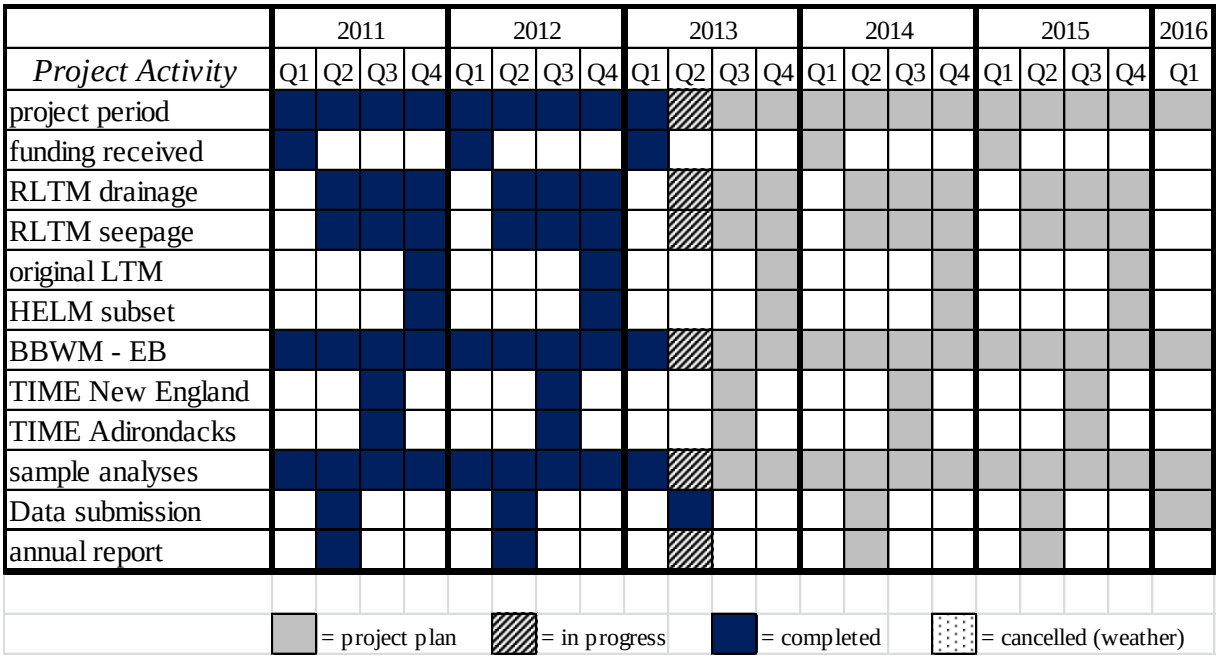
Overview of activities during 2012-2013. A schematic summary of progress on the project plan is provided below (Table 1) and discussed on the following pages. We have concluded the first year of five for the most current project agreement, which supports the continuing needs of EPA to assess the effectiveness of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 (CAAA). Field work and data assessment continue on schedule. Project coordination as well as most analytical chemistry, and some field sampling are conducted by the University of New Hampshire. Additional field sampling, data quality assurance, and data reporting are conducted by the University of Maine. This year, the project is leveraging resources through other funded research that supports a Ph.D. candidate and two M.S. students at the University of Maine who are evaluating recent trends in the LTM and TIME lakes' responses to changes in atmospheric deposition, geochemical response to extreme weather events and climate, and changes in lake thermal stratification related to climate change. Two of the projects also include drinking water supply lakes and use the RLTM lakes as context for interpreting patterns in diatom communities and nuisance algae. (See citations for Strock et al., Brown et al., Boeff et al.). TIME lakes data are being used in research funded through USDA-NSRC to Nelson et al., related to mercury in lake water and dragonfly larvae. Additionally, this project continues to fund a portion of the base program of stream chemistry monitoring at Bear Brook Watershed in Maine (BBWM), for the reference watershed, East Bear. BBWM celebrated its 25th anniversary in 2012, and PIs led the international BIOGEOMON conference. BBWM is partway through a three-year NSF DEB grant that is evaluating nitrogen dynamics in both watersheds using ^{15}N tracer studies. The base funding through this IAG project created continuity that was key in securing the NSF award.

Table 1. 2011-2015 Project plan progress to date.



Project background

Objectives. This research is part of EPA CAMD programs that are verifying the effectiveness of emission controls at reducing acidification of surface waters. Our approach is to collect long-term high-quality data that characterize the trends and patterns of response in low ionic-strength surface waters. We have specifically targeted waters that have been classified as being sensitive to acidic deposition and will represent lakes across the Northeast in varying landscape settings. The goals and methods are hierarchical, ranging from intensive site-specific investigations to regional assessment of sites that have been chosen to provide a statistically rigorous sample of regional surface waters. The objectives are to:

1) document the changes and patterns in aquatic chemistry for defined sub-populations and sites that are known to be susceptible to acidification or recovery;
2) evaluate the extent to which changes in surface waters, if any, can be linked to changes in deposition that are driven by regulatory actions;
3) characterize the effectiveness of the CAAA in meeting goals of reducing acidification of surface waters and improving biologically-relevant chemistry in the northeastern US;
4) provide information for assessment of the need for future reductions in atmospheric deposition based on the long-term trajectories of the systems under study; and
5) assess the extent to which increased variability in precipitation events will play a role in the long-term sustainability of CAAA success in these sensitive surface waters. This is leveraged through other funded research.

Approach. The schedule of tasks ranges from weekly to annual, continuing data records that now range from 17 to 30 years. We evaluate chemistry on a weekly basis year-round at the small watershed-scale at BBWM, quarterly in LTM, and annually during the historical index period for the TIME and HELM lakes. These project components provide a *statistical framework* for inferring regional patterns in chemistry using TIME and LTM (and ELS-II under separate funding). The *long-term records* of LTM, HELM and BBWM provide information on seasonal and annual variability, and thus provide a seasonal context for the annual surveys.

Expected Results. This information is needed for EPA to meet its Congressional mandate to assess the effectiveness of the CAAA. The combination of site-specific data within the regional context provides a rigorous assessment of the effects of declining pollutant emissions on SO_4 concentrations, base cation depletion, and changes in N-saturation or DOC contributions to acid-base status. The results are also central to assessing whether additional emission reductions may be needed to produce recovery.

Project Status: Water Chemistry

Field sampling. All project field objectives in 2012 were accomplished as planned. A summary of the annual field schedule for this project is provided below (Table 2).

Table 2. Annual project field schedule for lake sampling

Project	sub-project	n	Times Sampled	Field work	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
RLTM-Maine										
	seepage	3	3	UMaine	X		X			X
	drainage	9	3	UMaine/UNH	X		X			X
	LTM lakes	3	1	UMaine						X
TIME										
	New England	31	1	UNH			X	X	X	
	Adirondacks	42	1	ALSC			X	X	X	
HELM		25-30	1	UNH						X

Analytical. Analyses are complete for all samples collected through 2012. All laboratory analyses for TIME, RLTM, and HELM are conducted at the University of New Hampshire Water Quality Analysis Laboratory (WQAL) except for aluminum. Total and organic aluminum samples are processed on an ICP at the USDA Forest Service Region 1 laboratory in Durham, NH. All analyses for TIME, RLTM, and HELM continue to be conducted by, or under the supervision of, Adam Baumann as has been the case since 2006. This is changing in 2013, as analyses will now be conducted under the supervision of Jody Potter, the laboratory manager of the WQAL.

Samples from East Bear Brook at BBWM, which are collected on a regular basis year-round, continue to be analyzed at the University of Maine Sawyer Environmental Chemistry Research Lab.

Data reporting. All data collected through 2011 have been delivered to EPA. The next delivery of data to EPA is expected before August 2013, after evaluation of inter-laboratory comparisons and regular QA analyses by UNH and UMaine. Additionally, PI Nelson has been working with EPA-CAMD to improve the legacy database through improved formatting, metadata, and reporting of an expanded and re-checked legacy database.

Presentation of findings. Several publications and presentations continue to result from this project and are listed at the end of this report. Recent leveraged funding is supporting portions of two MS theses and a PhD dissertation at UMaine under the supervision of co-PI Saros, as well as ongoing mercury research by co-PI Nelson.

New developments: During the past year we were able to make routine two new sets of analyses to continue to extract new and innovative information from these study sites. A subset of lakes were analyzed for DOC quality using SUVA and fluorescence (EEMS) analysis, as well as concentrations of the dissolved greenhouse gases (CH_4, CO_2, and N_2O) in surface waters. Moving forward this data will provide valuable insight into changes in organic sources to acid-base status as well as the influence of precipitation event variability on long-term changes in surface water chemistry. Analyses of archived samples from the LTM lakes led to a publication in Environmental Science and Technology (Sanclements et al. 2012), based on carbon quality

measured as fluorescence index. This paper reports that (1) five of the nine lake samples analyzed had increasing DOC trends during 1993-2009, and (2) in these five lakes with increasing DOC, fluorescence indices suggest the source of DOC has become increasingly terrestrially-derived. Research regarding lake thermal stratification by MS student Brown uses these lake DOC patterns to structure the sampling strategy.

Conversations with the Adirondack Lake Survey Corporation (ALSC) at our periodic TIME/LTM cooperators meeting opened conversations about streamlining the collection and analysis of TIME-Adirondack samples. Many years of duplicate analyses provide ample opportunity for interlaboratory comparisons between ALSC and UMaine and UNH that we are hopeful will allow for analytical responsibility to shift mainly to the ALSC lab in the near future.

Data were provided to a team including former EPA-LTM PI Katherine Webster (with P.A. Soranno, K.S. Cheruvelil, E.H. Stanley, J.A. Downing, N. Lottig, and P-N Tan), who are working on the NSF Macrosystems Biology Project "studying large-scale and long-term dynamics of lakes." Data related to the 2004 re-sampling of ELS-II lakes have been transmitted to John Stoddard for use in evaluating zooplankton response to changes in lake geochemistry. Bear Brook data are routinely shared with cooperators across the Northeast, often as part of USDA-NSRC funded research, for use in meta-analyses.

Students and Staff supported

Two undergraduate hourly employees (Matt Bosiak and Katie Swan), one early career research scientist (Adam Baumann) and two early career technicians (Ania Kobylinski and Lisle Snyder) were supported by this project.

Publications using related project information ***(recent publications in bold):***

Sanclements, M., G. Oelsner, D. McKnight, S.J. Nelson, J. Stoddard, 2012. New insights into the source of decadal increases of dissolved organic matter (DOM) in acid-sensitive lakes of the northeastern U.S. Environmental Science and Technology 46(6): 3212–3219; DOI: 10.1007/s11356-009-0176-7.

Nelson, S.J., P. Vaux, M.J. James-Pirri, and G. Giese. 2012. Natural resource condition assessment: Cape Cod National Seashore, Massachusetts. Natural Resource Report NPS/NER/NRR—2012/605. National Park Service, Fort Collins, Colorado.

James-Pirri, M. J., S. J. Nelson, and P. D. Vaux. June 2011. Natural Resource Condition Assessment for Saugus Iron Works National Historic Site. Natural Resource Report NPS/NER/NRR—2011/457. National Park Service. Fort Collins, Colorado.

Kerr, J.G., M.C. Eimers, I.F. Creed, M.B. Adams, F. Beall, D. Burns, J.L. Campbell, S.F. Christopher, T.A. Clair, F. Courchesne, L. Duchesne, I. Fernandez, D. Houle, D.S. Jeffries, G.E. Likens, M.J. Mitchell, J. Shanley, H. Yao, 2011, The effects of seasonal drying on sulphate dynamics in streams across southeastern Canada and the northeastern USA, Biogeochemistry DOI 10.1007/s10533-011-9664-1.

Navrátil, T., S.A. Norton, I.J. Fernandez, S.J. Nelson, 2010. Twenty-year inter-annual trends and seasonal variations in precipitation and stream water chemistry at the Bear Brook Watershed in Maine, USA. Environ. Monit. Assess. 171:3-21.

Norton, S.; Fernandez, I.; Kahl, J.; Rustad, L.; Navratil, Tomas; Almquist, H., 2010. The evolution of the science of Bear Brook Watershed in Maine, USA. Environmental Monitoring and Assessment, 171(1-4): 3-21.

Vaux, P.D., S.J. Nelson, N. Rajakaruna, G. Mittelhauser, K. Bell, B. Kopp, J. Peckenham, G. Longsworth, 2008. Assessment of natural resource conditions in and adjacent to Acadia National Park, Maine. Natural Resource Report NPS/NRPC/WRD/NRR—2008/069. National Park Service, Fort Collins, Colorado.

Baumann, A.J. and J.S. Kahl, 2007. Chemical trends in Maine High Elevation Lakes. LakeLine 27:30-34.

Hunt, K., J.S. Kahl, J. Rubin, and D. Mageean, 2007. Assessing the science-based needs of stakeholders; a case study on acid rain research and policy. Journal of Contemporary Water Research and Education, 136: 68-79.

Rosfjord, C., K. Webster, J.S. Kahl, S.A. Norton, I. Fernandez, and A. Herlihy, 2007. Anthropogenically-driven changes in chloride complicate interpretation of base cation trends in lakes recovering from acidic deposition. Environ Sci Technol, 41:7688 -7693.

Rosfjord, C., J.S. Kahl, K. Webster, S. Nelson, I. Fernandez, L. Rustad, and R. Stemberger, 2006. Acidic deposition-relevant changes in lake chemistry in the EPA Eastern Lake Survey, 1984-2004. Final report to USDA NSRC, Durham, NH. 69 p.

Campbell, J, J. Hornbeck, M. Mitchell, M. Adams, M. Castro, C. Driscoll, J.S. Kahl, and others, 2004. Input-output budgets for inorganic nitrogen for 24 watersheds in the northeastern United States. Water Air Soil Pollut., 151:373-396.

Lawler, J., J. Rubin, B.J. Cosby, I. Fernandez, J.S. Kahl, S. Norton, 2005. Predicting recovery from acidic deposition: Applying a modified TAF (Tracking Analysis Framework) Model to Maine High Elevation Lakes, Water Air Soil Pollut. 164:383-389.

Dupont, J., T. Clair, C. Gagnon, D. Jeffries, J.S. Kahl, S. Nelson, and J Peckenham, 2005. Estimation of critical loads of acidity in the northeastern US and eastern Canada. Environ. Monit. Assess. 109:275-291.

Kahl, J.S., J. Stoddard, R. Haeuber, S. Paulsen, R. Birnbaum, F. Deviney, D. DeWalle, C. Driscoll, A. Herlihy, J. Kellogg, P. Murdoch, K. Roy, W. Sharpe, S. Urquhart, R. Webb, and K. Webster, 2004. Response of surface water chemistry to changes in acidic deposition: implications for future amendments to Clean Air Act. Environmental Science and Technology, Feature Article 38:484A-490A.

Norton, S., I. Fernandez, J.S. Kahl, and R. Reinhardt, 2004. Acidification trends and the evolution of neutralization mechanisms through time at the Bear Brook Watershed, Maine, USA. Water, Air, Soil, Pollution Focus 4:289-310.

Presentations using related project information ***(recent presentations in bold) :***

Nelson, S.J., C. Chen, D.P. Krabbenhoft, J.S. Kahl, B. Zoellick, 2013. Validating landscape models for mercury in northeastern US lakes using dragonfly larvae as mercury bio-sentinels. Accepted for poster presentation at the ICMGP - International Conference on Mercury as a Global Pollutant, July 28- Aug. 3, 2013, Edinburgh, Scotland.

Boeff, K., J. Saros. 2013. Evaluating the Effect of Changing Wind Strength on Thermocline Depth in Maine's Great Ponds. 21st Annual Harold W. Borns Jr. Symposium, Orono, ME, USA, April, 2013.

Brown, R.E., J.E. Saros, S.J. Nelson. Algal community response to increases in dissolved organic carbon in Maine lakes: implications for drinking water utilities. 21st Annual Harold W. Borns Jr. Symposium, Orono, ME, USA, April, 2013.

Strock, K.E., J.E. Saros, S. Birkel, S.J. Nelson, 2013. Exploring the effects of extreme hydrologic events in the northeastern U.S.: Implications for brownification and episodic acidification in Maine Lakes. 21st Annual Harold W. Borns Jr. Symposium, Orono, ME, USA, April, 2013.

Nelson, S.J., C. Chen, D.P. Krabbenhoft, J.S. Kahl, 2013. Dragonfly larvae as mercury bio-sentinels: a statistical survey of northeast lakes reveals landscape-driven patterns in water and biota mercury concentrations. NERC (Northeastern Ecosystems Research Cooperative) meeting, March 19 – 20, 2013, Saratoga Springs, NY.

Strock, K.E.D., J.E. Saros, S.J. Nelson. 2013. The effects of extreme climate events on lakewater chemistry: Implications for "brownification" in Maine lakes. Maine Water Conference. Augusta, Maine, March 19, 2013.

Strock, K.E.D., J.E. Saros, S.J. Nelson, S.D. Birkel. 2013. The effects of extreme climate events on lakewater chemistry: implications for dissolved organic carbon trends in the northeast U.S. American Society of Limnology and Oceanography Meeting. New Orleans, Louisiana, February 17-22, 2013.

Sanclements, M., G. Oelsner, D. McKnight, I.J. Fernandez, S.J. Nelson, M.B. Adams, M. Mineau, K. Simon, 2012. The effects of acidification and recovery on DOM quality and source in temperate forested watersheds. BIOGEOMON 2012, July 15-20, 2012, Northport, ME.

Strock, K.E., J.E. Saros, S.J. Nelson, 2012. Analyzing Legacy Data in a Climate Context to Decipher Modern Changes in Lakewater Chemistry. Poster presentation. BIOGEOMON 2012, July 15-20, 2012, Northport, ME.

Fernandez, I.J., Norton, S.A., Nelson, S.J., Salvino, C., 2012. Evidence of Transient Alteration of N Dynamics From an Ice Storm at the Bear Brook Watershed in Maine, USA. Poster presentation. BIOGEOMON 2012, July 15-20, 2012, Northport, ME.

Saros, J.E., K.E.D. Strock, S. Birkel & S.J. Nelson. 2012. Deciphering the effects of extreme hydrologic events on the response of northeastern lakes to reduced sulfur deposition. 20th annual Harold W. Borns Symposium, University of Maine.

Nelson, S.J., J.S. Kahl, A.J. Baumann, K.B. Johnson, 2012. "Rugged shores and clear waters": Interpreting biogeochemical response to environmental stressors using the

lakes and ponds of Maine's Baxter State Park. Maine Water Conference, Augusta, ME, March 14, 2012.

Strock, K.E., J.E. Saros, S. Nelson. Why climate matters in recovery from acidification in northeastern US surface waters. Maine Water Conference, Augusta, ME, March 14, 2012.

Baumann, A.J., J.S. Kahl, T.R. Boucher, S.J. Nelson, and K.J. McGuire, 2012. "Changes in surface water chemistry in Maine high elevation lakes in response to the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments. Maine Water Conference, Augusta, ME, March 14, 2012.

Mineau, M. M., K. S. Simon, D. T. Ely; R. L. Rancatti, I. J. Fernandez, S. A. Norton, and H. M. Valett. 2011. Effects of chronic nitrogen enrichment and acidification on coupled nitrogen and phosphorus cycling in streams: Insights from multiple spiraling techniques. Annual meeting, North American Benthological Society, Providence, RI.

Nelson, S.J., P. Vaux, M.J. James-Pirri. Data-driven assessments of National Park resources. (Invited). Acadian Internship in Regional Conservation and Stewardship, July 15, 2011.

Schneider, S.B., I.J. Fernandez, S.A. Norton, K.S. Simon. 2011. Soil base cation response to two decades of change at the Bear Brook Watershed in Maine. Gordon Conference on Catchment Science: Interactions of Hydrology, Biology and Chemistry. Bates College, Lewiston, Maine. July 10-15.

Nelson, S.J., C. Chen, H. Roebuck, B. Zoellick. Sensible sentinels: Preliminary mercury data for dragonfly nymphs (*Odonata: anisoptera*) across northern New England corroborate expected spatial pattern. The 10th International Conference on Mercury as a Global Pollutant (ICMGP), Halifax, NS, July 24-29, 2011; and presented at the Acadia Science Symposium, October 26, 2011.

Baumann, A.J., and J.S. Kahl, 2009. Assessing the effectiveness of federal acid rain policy using remote and high elevation lakes in northern New England. North American Lake Management Society International Symposium, Hartford, CT, October 29, 2009.

Kahl, J.S., 2009. Changes in base cations related to long-term changes in Cl distribution in northeastern lakes. Gordon Research Conference, Forested Catchments, July 12-17, 2009, Proctor Academy, NH.

Kahl, J.S., 2008 (invited). Twenty year changes in spatial patterns of Cl distribution in the northeastern US. NH Water Conference, April, 2008.

Kahl, J.S., 2007 (invited). Using societal-based incentives to address new threats to New England Lakes. Day-long short course in New England Lake Science Academy, Camp Kieve, Maine. July, 2007.

Kahl, S., K. Webster, D. Sassan, C. Rosfjord, S. Nelson, M. Greenawalt-Yelle, 2007. Increasing Cl in northeastern surface waters: an indicator of increasing development pressure. Maine Water Conference, Augusta, ME, March 21, 2007.

Kahl, J.S. 2006 (invited). Acid rain in New England: using high elevation lakes as sentinels of change. Maine Mountain Conference, October 21, 2006. Rangeley, Maine

Kahl, J.S., *et al*., 2006 (invited). The design of a national mercury monitoring network: Learning from the EPA acid rain experience. The Eighth International Mercury Conference, Madison WI, August 8, 2006.

Kahl, J.S. *et al*., 2006. Obfuscation of trends in base cations by regional salt contamination. Hubbard Brook Committee of Scientists annual meeting, July 12, 2006.

Kahl, J.S., 2006 (invited). 'Natural and human-derived sources of acidity in Maine Atlantic Salmon Rivers'. Atlantic Salmon Commission workshop on acidity, Bangor ME. April 10, 2006.

Kahl, J.S., 2005 (invited). The intersection of environmental science and environmental policy. NH Charitable Foundation Lakes Region annual meeting, Meredith, NH, September, 2005.

Kahl, J.S., 2005 (invited). Tracking response and recovery in surface waters in the northeastern US. Annual meeting of the Ecological Society of America, Montreal, August, 2005.

Kahl, J.S., and Catherine Rosfjord, 2005 (invited). Acid rain and the Clean Air Act in the northeastern US. Annual meeting of the NH-ME Androscoggin River Watershed Council, Bethel, June, 2005

Kahl, J.S., 2005 (invited). Developing a lake research agenda for NH. NSF workshop on lake research infrastructure in the northeast, Colby Sawyer College, April 2005.

Kahl, J.S., S. Nelson, and A. Grygo, 2004. Surface water chemistry data for the northeastern US for interpreting climate and acid rain trends. Northeast Ecosystems Research Consortium meeting, Durham, NH, October, 2004.

Kahl, J.S., K. Webster, M. Diehl, and C. Rosfjord, 2004. Successes of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990. Maine Water Conference invited plenary talk, Augusta, ME, 2004.

Kahl, J.S. and K. Johnson, 2004. Acid-Base Chemistry and Historical Trends in Downeast Salmon Rivers. Maine Water Conference, Augusta ME, April 2004.

Kahl, J.S., 2004 (invited). The Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990; testing a program designed to evaluate environmental policy. Lecture, Colby College. April, 2004

S.J. Nelson, J.S. Kahl, N.C. Kamman, D.P. Krabbenhoft, W.H. Halteman, 2009. (Poster) Predicting mercury concentrations in northeast lakes using hydrogeomorphic features, landscape setting and chemical co-variates. Gordon Research Conference, Forested Catchments, July 12-17, 2009, Proctor Academy, NH.

Nelson, S.J., I. Fernandez, S. Norton, B. Wiersma, L. Rustad , J.S. Kahl, 2008. The Bear Brook Watershed in Maine: Long-term research supporting climate change inquiry. Hydroclimatic effects on ecosystem response: participant workshop, Syracuse, NY, September 19, 2008.

Nelson, S.J., N. Kamman, D. Krabbenhoft, J.S. Kahl, K. Webster, 2008. Evaluating spatial patterns in mercury and methyl mercury in northeastern lakes: Landscape setting, chemical climate, and human influences. Northeastern Ecosystem Research Cooperative Conference, Durham, NH, November 12-13, 2008.

Nelson, S.J. 2008. Evaluating spatial patterns in mercury and methyl mercury in northeastern lakes: landscape setting, chemical climate, and human influences. Maine Water Conference, Augusta, ME, March 19, 2008.

Recent Bear Brook publications that include "base program" data (East Bear Brook stream chemistry partly funded through this grant):

Mineau M. M., F. R. Fatemi, I. J. Fernandez and K. S. Simon. 2013. Microbial enzyme activity at the watershed scale: Response to chronic nitrogen deposition and acute phosphorous enrichment. Biogeochemistry (in press).

Weiss, Marissa S., Christine L. Goodale, Mary Beth Adams, Ivan J. Fernandez, Serita D. Frey, Gary M. Lovett, and Steven G. McNulty. 2013. Effects of long-term nitrogen addition on soil carbon pools and fluxes in forest soils of the northeastern US. Soil Bio Biochem (in review).

Fatemi, Farrah R., Ivan J. Fernandez, Stephen A. Norton and Lindsey E. Rustad. 2013. Soil solution response to two decades of experimental acidification at the Bear Brook Watershed in Maine. Water Air Soil Pollut. 223:6171–6186.

Mineau, Madeleine M., Chad M. Grigsby, Damon T. Ely, Ivan J. Fernandez, Stephen A. Norton, Tsutomu Ohno, H. Maurice Valett, and Kevin S. Simon. 2013. Chronic catchment nitrogen enrichment and stoichiometric constraints on the bioavailability of dissolved organic matter from leaf leachate. Freshwater Biology (in press).

Fernandez, Ivan J., Stephen A. Norton, and Tiffany Wilson (eds.). 2012. BIOGEOMON 2012, The 7th International Symposium on Ecosystem Behavior. Northport, Maine. ISBN 978-0-87723-108-0. 261 pp.

Fernandez, Ivan J., Madeleine M. Mineau, Kevin S. Simon, and Stephen A. Norton. 2012. The influence of decadal-scale N enrichment on N dynamics and 15N discrimination in a New England Forested Watershed. (Paper 302-2). Presented at the ASA-CSSA-SSSA International Meetings. Cincinnati, Ohio. October 22-25. ASA, CSSA, SSSA, Madison, WI.

Mineau, M.M., K.S. Simon, I.J. Fernandez, S.A. Norton, and H.M. Valett. The effect of chronic watershed nitrogen deposition and acidification on the interaction among phosphorus, carbon, and nitrogen uptake in streams. BIOGEOMON 2012, The 7th International Symposium on Ecosystem Behavior. Northport, Maine. ISBN 978-0-87723-108-0. p. 167.

Norton, S.A., I.J. Fernandez, T. Navratil, K.S. Simon, and S. Jain. 2012. The Bear Brook Watershed in Maine (BBWM) at 25: manipulation, monitoring, mechanisms, and modeling. BIOGEOMON 2012, The 7th International Symposium on Ecosystem Behavior. Northport, Maine. ISBN 978-0-87723-108-0. p. 177.

Rancatti, R., K. Simon, M. Mineau, D. Anderson, I.J. Fernandez, S.A. Norton, and M.B. Adams. 2012. Effects of watershed acidification on abiotic and biotic phosphorus uptake in streams draining two whole-watershed experimental forests. BIOGEOMON 2012, The 7th International Symposium on Ecosystem Behavior. Northport, Maine. ISBN 978-0-87723-108-0. p. 204.