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CLIQUES IN YOUR SQUARE DANCE GROUPS by Paul H. Hunt

the disconcerting experience of organizing a new square dance group, getting it going beautifully for a little while, then seeing it fall off to a few old faithfuls that always go to any square dance anyway? I have had that experience, and I'm sure others must have had it too. In an effort to analyze it, looking for the causes, I have come to the conclusion that a lot of it is the fault of the "old faithfuls" the isclves.

The rusic starts, the caller gives but with a "form your squares" and what happens? The "regulars" jump up, almost. holding hands from the time they leave their seats until they are on the floor to prevent any outside couple from cotting into their set. The newer and loss experienced people are forced to for a sets all by themselves, they become confused because they don't understand what it is all about, and sooner or later they become completely discouraged and just give up.

And you can't blane then, that is unless you, as a group leader, do so othing about it. Mor can you blade the "best dancers" for wanting to dance with the other "best dancers". It is simply just more fun to dance in a set where everyone knows what they are doing. So it is up to the caller or the leader (in most cases the same person) to take the head-aches upon himself and correct the situation as best he can.

In a small and intimate group, usually all that is necessary is to say a few words in private to the ones who dance together all the time. Explain to them how necessary it is that everyone has a good time and that the bast way to really learn square dencing is to dance in a set where at least half of the set is really expert at it. If they realize that you are depending on them to help you, they will usually co-operate. If that doesn't work, then it is a good idea to once or twice during the evening use a mixer dance windin up by asking the dencers to form their squares with the partners they have at the coment. They usually consider that fusal to request silence. just good run if for no other reason than One night when I was do just to show their partner what it's like to dance with a real good square discerfor once. Whatever their reason, the sets are all on an equal feeting and the light begins to dawn on those who had Continued Page 3

ATTENTION

I had just finished introducing a visit-I wonder how many roup leaders have had ing instructor at the Canden Y and turned away from the merophone.

"Oh," she said with a rush, "I think your group is -- I'll tell you later."

Of course I was on mins and peedles for the rest of the evening before I finally got her opinion.

got her opinion.
"They're so quiet. They pay attention when you're telling them something! You don't have to shout or ask for attention!"

I hadn't noticed it. Having organized

the group and sort of grown with it, I hadn't paid particular attention to see that it was any different from any other group. But when it was mentioned, I found it was true.

Now over at the University, the caller periodically bawls out the dancers for not paying attention and talking whon he is trying to instruct. Or the leader will claborately ask for silones and drop a pin

to see whether it can be heard. These shenanicans were no to distraction, and, feeling that I should do as I would be done by, I refuse to indule when I as calling. Can it be that the dancers appreciate my refraining from thus wasting their time and so consciously keep quiet when I instruct? The work seen a doubtful proposition. position.

The fact that the Canden group pays attontion into be decribed to the large proportion of new dancers each meeting thus requiring that they pay attention to learn the dance. But the same situation in the University leads the experienced dancers

to converse while the beginners are taught. Perhaps it's because I prefer to outshout opposition, which I can do with an applifier, rather than appeal to their consciences.

Some of my acquaintances might account for the phonomina on the ground that when I teach a disturbing element is removed; I being one of the worst offenders. I dislike the waste of time consumed by elaborate instruction (mine is as brief as possible) and ma likely to show it by hold-

ing conversations with w friends.

However, I feel that the attention of the dancers is in someway related to my re-

One night when I was doing some calling at the University, I attempted to teach "Head Two Cents Forward and Back and the Opposite Six the Same" to the tune of "Then the I also all oone this Fall".

Rowever, I also ad to be interested in Continued Page 3

MATLANCHINES .The Canele

I want to know how to do that Indian Gdance. Jinx Cole, Phila., Pa

A I learned this out with "Pappy" Shaw in Colorado Springs. He says that he has been told that is is over a thousand years old. It was used in connection with the ceremonies of human sacrifice in the times of the Montegunas. When the victim was bent over the alter and the priest cut open his living breast with an obsedian knife and lifted the still throbbing heart to the rising sun, this dance was going on, and the throb of the drum still carries the memory of that earlier pulsation.

Music: I have appended the music below. "Pappy" used piano and tom-tom, so when Henry Angel and I made some recordings, we did the same. The tom-tom is in a fast cadence that I clocked at Metronome 200, but the beat is a heavy one followed by three light ones and there are two of the X,2,3,4s to a measure of piano nusic. At the end of each sixteen of the X,2,3,4s which is every eight measures, the last one is two heavy beats, X,-,X,-, given on the first and third counts. This is a signal to change the dance figure. Henry and I, being a bit nervous, made a couple of mistakes in our recordings but they are usuable and if anyone wants to shell out \$1.50, I'll make them a copy and get a go d square dance on the other side too.

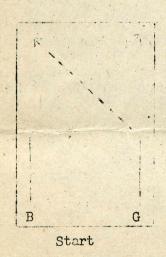
Step: This is a shuffle step. On the first beat of the tom-tom, tap the right foot to the floor; on the second, put it down; on the third, tap left; and on the fourth, put the left foot down. In tapping, the foot should be parallel to the floor. I find in my notes: "The whole foot shuffles. Do not just touch the toes. Just a little hop and a wiggle." And I might remark that I found this very difficult to do; I'd forget myself and

tap twice instead of once.

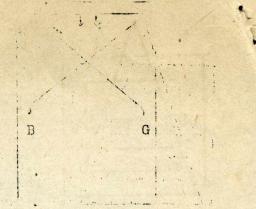
Position: Boys hands at sides; girls

cross arms on chests.

Formation: Line the men on one side of the room and the girls on the other. Number the men evens and odds. Then have them march in single file as follows:



(For teaching, it is best to teach the



Girls cross in front of boys.



Into a circle.

When you have reached a cirle, girls on the inside, boys all join hands and girls all join hands. Boys march clockwise, girls counterclockwise. Reverse directions on the double heavy beat of the tom-tom.

Men lift their hands over girls heads on next double beat. All face and go clockwise. Reverse. Girls lift theirs over men's heads and go counterclockwise. Reverse. (Keep looking partner squarely in the face during this figure.)

Men break hands. Odds step back and then join hands again. The circle is now a weave. Hen stand still and girls weave around clockwise under men's arms. Reverse.

fen break hands and rejoin them under the girls' hands. Then they march, first counterclockwise and then clockwise. commence this figure, partners should be back to back and face to face before the breaking of hands.

Face counterclockwise in single file. All put right hand over left shoulder and take left hand of the person behind. March. Now left about face. Do not let go. Do not duck under the hands, just turn.

Promenade.

As stated twice before, the signal for the change of a figure or the change of direction in a figure is the double heavy beat of the ton-ton which occurs every eight measures of music. .

Don't forget we would like to send a complimentary copy of ALERICAN SQUARES to anyone who would like it. Just send us their name and address.

Also, we want local dances. Send yours in.

been thinking, "It's just too complicated for me."

It is well to remember that no group can survive for very long unless occasional new blood is added to it. It is equally important to remember that now blood won't last long unless it has a good time. So by hook or by crook, in the ways I have suggested or in your own way, at every square dance take care of the new people, make them feel at home, and MAKE THEM HAVE A GOOD TIME, or sooner or later your dance will die on its feet. Everyone had to learn sometime or other, and the more people who learn the real joy of square dancing, just that much longer are we going to have square dances to enjoy.

Editor's note:

A Paul Jones mixer has been part of our program at the Candon Y since the group started. We wind up with a grand march and when they reach eights we form a square from each line. But our "good dancers" have learned this and when I call for the grand march they proclaim themselves too tired and sit out until the square when. the fill up the last set or start a new

The answer to this is more and unfaniliar mixers. For your use we present a number of suggestions.

LITTLE BROWN JUG

This is a good opener. I use it to teach how to swing the Biz generally explains it. Chris Sanderson uses it as an opener too, but I do it twice as fast:

Women facing in and men facing out.

Position: closed or ent's hands on girls' hips and girls' hands on don's shoulders.

Starting with men's left and girl's right, heel, toe, heel, toe (chassez to men's left) glide, glide, glide, pause. Leverse, men's right and girls' left, heel, too, heel, too, (chassez to men's right) glide, glide, glide, pause, Break holds, still facing each other, clap right hands together, clap, clap, pause; clap. left hands together, clap, clap, pause; clap both hands together, clap, clap, pause, slap knees, slap, slap, pause. Swing your partners for almost the remaining time of that phase and then non nove on to the next girl to the left.

VARSOUVIENNE IXER'

In describing this, I am assuming a knowledge of the peculiar varsouvienne stop (put your little foot) and its division into two long and four short.

phases. For music use the Ford record. Formation: large circle around the room couples facing counterclockwise.

Position: reguler varsouvience with girls' lefts in men's lefts and men's rights around girls' shoulders and holding girl's rights (hands I'm talking about).

First long: put your little foot, put your little foot, man breaks with right and turns girl counterclockwise under left hands to a place at his left side;

in loarning the dance.

. "Woll," I said in an aside to an imaginary confidant, "if they're ready to dance,

I started the phonograph and the dene. In two minutes every square was in a snarl. I stopped the music and explained the dance in complete silence and with the attention of every dancer.

I couldn't guarantee that I could improve the manner of the University dencers by my methods, but I'd like to try it.

~~*~*~*~***

Second long: put your little foot, put your little foot, men step in time to the left and girls to the right so that they are back in their original position.

First short: each dancer turns around in position without breaking hands so that they are facing to the rear and the girl is now on the man's left with his left arii over her shoulder.

Second short: man pivots clockwise in place sweeping girl around him so that they are facing in the original direction but she is still on his left.

Third short: break with the right and holding lefts the girl walks into the center and turns back facing nam with left hands still joined.

Fourth short: girl ducks under the joined left hands and whirls back to the gentleman behind. And you begin again.

Get those figures firmly in mind before trying to teach and lead the dence.

WALTZ MIXER

I learned this at Colorado Springs with Formation: large circle around the room Lloyd Show. It is the most beautiful figure that I saw his exhibition group doing. Of course it has to be done well to be beautiful. Measure are indicated by Roman numerals; beats in the measure by brabic.

Fornation; largo circle in couples facing counterclockwise.

Positien: open waltz, inside hands joined.

Step: waltz: long, medium, short.
I, outside, inside, outside (swinging joined hands); II inside, outside, inside (reach behind with free hands; you are now back to back; join free hands and break with others; you are now headed back) III inside, outside, inside; IV, outside, inside, outside. (Close waltz position)
V, waltz; VI, waltz. VII and VIII, meen take three steps backwards into the center of the circle and three steps forward. In the mountaine the girls have pivoted clock-wise under the arms and continue to pivot three times on to the next man ahead. The beauty of this is the tining and if done perfectly the man will grab the girl's left with his right as she comes pivoting toward hin in perfect time to go into the repeat of the dance with the new girl right on the first best of the nineth measure.

"I called a drace for some telephone operators in New rk City the other night. Now I have shy we get so many wrong numbers." PH



HENLEE RECO D DO. Albur 1. Texas Square Dance Jusic. We have been waiting for some time, and usually impatiently, for records that would match the Victor, Woodhull Soldiers Joy and Blackberry Quadrille. In your reviewer's humble opinion, these do. They are fine square dance records. The instruments do not seem to be as well integrated as the Woodhull classics, but the melody is there, the bass is there and nicely balances with the melody, the beat is there. In fact, everything is there that is necessary for a time square dance record. The records are 12", which cuts down the

number of replays to a dance. I highly recommend that every one with any kind of a record library at all add this to it. The beat is fast for eastern dancers. I have placed the metronome count, as I counted it, alongside each record. For comparison, Woodhull's Soldiers Joy is 124 by my count and his Blackberry Quadrille 128. CHICKEN 'N' DURPLIN'S Motronome 130. Execlient.

SOLDIERS JOY Metronome 132. The objection I have to this record is that it was made at all. This is the second Soldiers Joy without calls in six conths when it is an accepted fact that Woodhull's Soldiers Joy is the best recording made. We can't use two Soldiers Joys in one evening and even if it is possible to make a better recording the soldiers Joys in one evening and even if it is possible to make a better recording the soldiers. than Woodhull's why try? Square dance tunes for records should be chosen with a

greater eye to what is already available.

UNCLE JOE & TURKEY IN THE STRAY Metronome, 132. I am generally against medleys as it is impossible to use them for a singing call if one should so desire. However, this is one of the better medleys. They play Uncle Joe halfway thru the record and then switch into Turkey in the Straw for the other. If you wanted to put a touch of white paint where the change is made (there is no pause) you could pick it out and use just one tune or the other.

DURANGS HOMNPIPE Metronome 134.

KEYNOSE ALBU #130, SCUNUE DANG S WITH CALLS. This album is the product of the American Square Dance Group of New York City, which is directed by Margot Mayo. The imsic is supplied by the American Square Dance Orchestra, and the caller is identified as Manny, but it is further explained in the text that he is "a popular member of the group whose recordings and appearances throughout the country have made him well known to square dance enthusiasts. The text in the album is by Margot Mayo and gives a brief outline of each dance and explains the calls and terminology. The records are well recorded by Meynote, and have good rhythin emphasis, the calls by Manny are clear and without much patter. However, in reviewing the records, one feels a resentment to the fact that Margot Mayo has her name plastered throughout the album, while the caller, who is the central figure in any recording, is designated only as lanny.

Many squares that have not previously been recorded are included, most being of the New England style. One record with ut calls is also included, a welcome addition to the growing list of records of this type. The album is recorded for more

advanced groups.

K553-A CHICKIN REEL This is a simple square which has its chief herit in the fact that all of the couples are dameing all of the time. A good warmer-upper. K553-B DOUBLE CHASSEZ Another simple dance in which to fix the "double chassez" is done by head and foot couples in alternation.

K554-A SILENT COURTE This is a more co plicated square, one of the reviewers favor-ites, and one of the best records in the album.

K554-B PREAKNESS QUADRILLE Another fine record in which the figures are done by the head and foot couples alternately. If the directions in the text are followed, this would be a good demonstration number for a group as many fancy trimings may be performed.

K555-A SQUARE DANCE REDLEY Without Calls. A good recording with good rhythm emphasis K555-B THE NEW PORTLAND) FANCY The formation for this is like that in the Fireman's Dance, lines of two couples facing each other. This is the best record of the album Continued Page 5

TEXAS SQUARE DANGE MUSIC

without calls Without question, the best album available -- see review

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The winner is THREE-QUARTER CHAIN by Charley Thomas

ORIGINAL DANCE CONTEST

Droping what modesty I have, I declare that we have a swell dance here. The loser is so good that from merely the contest calling it has been picked up by local callers and introduced to their groups. Yet this defeated it at Daretown 45 to 3, at Denim & Calico 23 to 2 and at the Canden Y 26-13. Your entries should be on white paper δ_2^2 will without your name on it. Send a

covering letter. The prize is your choice of a year's subscription to AMERICAN SQUARMS or a pack of Foster's "calling cards". As you will note, editors reserve the

right to enter their own dances.

HEADS CIRCLE FOUR IN THE MIDDLE OF THE FLOOR DROP YOUR HANDS AND STAND SOLE MORE (1) SIDE LADIES DO A THREE-QUARTER CHAIA (2) TURN 'EH AROUND AND ON AGAIN' (3) CHAINING ALL AROUND THE TRACK (4)
WITH A GRASSHOT DER SITTIN ON A RAILROAD TRACK PICKIN' HIS TELTH WITH A CARPET TACK (Add other patter until thru) SWING YOUR PARD A LITTLE BIT HARD APD ALLUMINDE LUFT TO YOUR OWN BACK YARD GRAND RIGHT AND LUFT AROUND THE HALL HEET YOUR HONEY AND PROJENADE ALL

(1) The heads, circle four to place and stop and drop hands. They stop back just

a little into a square, to allow room for the following action.

(2) The side ladies give rights hands in the center and turn three quarters of the way around so that the second lady comes out between the third couple and the fourth lady comes out between the first couple.

(3) In the meantime, the side gents have walked a quarter of the way around to right so that when their ladies come out in the places described above they can turn them around as in a ladies chain and send then back again.

(4) The ladius go into the center again and again give right hands for a threequarter turn, the second lady coming out between the third lady and the first gent and the fourth lady coming out between the third gent and the first lady. Their partners are there to turn them around and send them into the middle again. Thus continuing on until they return to place.

(5) Everybody swing.

Repeat the dance for the held couples. Then have the gents do the chaining and the ladies the turning around for both head and side couples.

RECORD REVIEW tron page 4 and one long awaited by the reviewer. It can be successfully alternated with the

aforementioned dance. SOMART FOLK DANCES This north we are reviewing Michael Hornan's Albun of Folk Dances. The ones contained here are: Averican, Mexican Waltz; Lithuanian, Kolvelis; Swiss, Weitschi Putz Di; Czechoslovak, Tancuj; Estonian, Eide Ratas; Danish, To Ting; Palestinian, Cherkessia; Danish, Masquerado; Polish Kujawiak: This is the first albun of its kind inasmich as it is a very good intergrading or cross-section of folk

dances from all parts of the world. It covers a vastscope and type of dances. The nusic, as played by Michael Herman's folk orchestra is very good. It has a strong boat and the combinations of various instruments make it very pleasing to the

ear for listening as well as dancing to.

I think that the Mexican Waltz and Kolvelis are about the best of the whole lot. As usual in any grouping of this kind, there are always one or two records that stand out over and above all the rest.

I think it only fair to add that although nest of the dances were familiar to no, there are one or two included which were not. But I think that I can safely say that judging from the fine quality of the others, with which I are very familiar, they all add up to a nighty hard job well done and should be a welcome addition to the col-

lections of all folk music lovers whether they are dancers or not. Jinx Cole JOE DAVIS ALBUM DA-28 IRISH BARN DANCES. I don't know the difference between Irish barn dance and others. As a matter of fact, I don't know Irish dances. Dut picking these up, as I have picked up other Irish numbers, for square dancing, they are lousy. I wouldn't ask anyone to dance to them. Besides, Mentgonery Ward put out the same record, just another pressing, for 35%, which is too much. Only saps like no buy them. I even got two of one record and had to go back and exchange it. 3606A STACK O' BARLEY. Protty fair except for the rotten recording of the accordeon. It vibrates badly. Metronome 102.
3606B PRIMSE VALE and THE RUBBLER. Probably the best of the lot. About 1447. H 144

1281 MULLIGAN RACES. Fair playing. Rotton recording. Metronome 98

1284 HELIORIES OF SLAGO Just as bad as the rest. Metrohome 118

3605A SURTLY and THE STEEPLECHASE Only fiddle and pic o but still vibrates. II 122 3605B OLD TEERS FLYORITES Squeeky fiddle. hetronome 76

3603A BEAUTIFUL HIGHLAND HORNPIPE Poor recording of the accordeon. Metronome 102 3603B THE FROST IS ALL OVER Swallows itself. Sounds as the a record were rerecorded with the tone indicator over on the bass (to recove the vibration) but while there is plenty of bass there is no beat worth speaking of etrangue 136

r. French tells us that he has endeavored to make his book a practical and systematic method for beginners. I doubt if a beginner would have much luck with this work, for having told us that this is a book for beginners, he then tells us, "This work is not intended as a treatise upon the art of dancing for it is assumed that the prompter has already the necessary familiarity with the different changes." Then he tells us that "a term with a good teacher of dancing will give the desired knowledge." The book actually is a guide to how the basic changes may be intermingled. He gives no special musical suggestions for the individual dances. He does, however, tell the student how many sylables to call per measure and gives a list of changes and the number of measures required to execute each one. All this of course presuposes a knowledge of and familiarity with typical dance music which the beginner might have. Then he lists the calls (or should I say prompts?) for a variety of quadrilles, contras, lancers and reels.

Maybe I've uncons iously degraded this work too much, but I just don't like prompting as such. To me it shoulds like an indifferent caller getting more and more bored as the evening wears on. Take for an example the prompter on Ford's Darly American Hour (Yawn). In my opinion the caller should enter into the fun of the dance by singing the calls and adding little quips and jingles here and there to add to the fun. I don't see how the caller can really enter into the spirit of the dance by just standing up and shouting the barest of calls. Which would you rather hear: "Swing your honey around and around till your old wooden leg makes a hole in the ground," or simply, "Turn partners,"? I don't know, maybe I'm prejudiced but as little as I liked John Schell's "Prompting, How To Do It", better than this one. Houg Durant, Jr.

* . BOOKS FOR SALE

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