The Crisis in Scholarly Publishing

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UNH Collection Budget FY 04 - FY 16
Library spending on journals increases, requiring cuts in monograph spending, staffing, and services.

NOTE: Data for monograph and serials expenditures was not collected in 2011-12.


http://www.arl.org/focus-areas/statistics-assessment/statistical-trends#.V02b7GY7xQ2
The price of journals is increasing at nearly 3 times the standard rate of inflation.

Found: http://www.library.pitt.edu/subscriptions
* http://www.ebscohost.com/promoMaterials/FiveYearJournalPriceIncreaseHist...
****https://www.commonfund.org/CommonfundInstitute/HEPI/HEPI%20Documents/201..
The number of peer reviewed scholarly journals nearly tripled from 1960 to 2010.

Found: http://www.library.pitt.edu/subscriptions
Data: Ulrich's, http://ulrichsweb.serialssolutions.com
Library expenditures as a percentage of institutional expenditures have decreased.
UNH Collection Budget FY 04 - FY 16
UNH Periodical and Monograph Expenditures (FY 99 – FY 17)
UNH Library Expenditures by Material Type

- Print Books: 5.18%
- Electronic Books: 4.51%
- Print Journals: 3.96%
- Electronic Journals in Packages: 55.24%
- Electronic Journals Not in Packages: 5.14%
- Databases: 24.71%
- Media: 0.74%
- Misc. (Portico, Open Access Memberships, ILL, Binding): 0.51%
Educational institutions and grant funders pay scholars to write, review, and edit.

Publishers keep the profits & the copyrights.
Financially, large commercial publishers seem to be doing ok...

Past and Ongoing Tactics at UNH

• Journal Cancellation Projects:
  2005 - $585,283
  2006 - $199,538
  2007 - $252,013
  2012 - $222,144

• Joined Boston Library Consortium in 2002 to provide improved interlibrary loan service
• Implemented RAPID ILL Service in 2007 for faster journal article delivery
Present and Future Strategies at UNH

• Negotiate a predictable annual collection budget increase

• Define a collection size that is sustainable and determine how we make adjustments moving forward

• Renegotiate contracts and continue to seek consortial deals

• Make selective cancellations to lower inflation rates and live within predicted budget

• Test new purchasing models – demand driven, evidence based, article vs. subscription, chapter vs. book

• Move toward open access
Academic Publishing is Changing

• About 20% of peer-reviewed journal are Open Access*

• Federal funding mandates may increase Open Access for articles and data

• Open Access publishing platforms open participation to small publishers

• Libraries are hosting Open Access publications

• Libraries are shifting toward sustainable budget models

* Data from Ulrich’s Web